

# Geometry Alignment Record Mathematics HSCE

v.8.06

HSCE Code	Expectation	District Curriculum Lessons	Instructional Materials	
<b>L1</b>	<b>Reasoning About Numbers, Systems, and Quantitative Situations</b>		Students will complete daily Warm-ups that emphasize standardized test question format. Students will work through examples guided by the teacher.	
<b>L1.1</b>	<b>Number Systems and Number Sense</b>		After completing examples, students will have time to work	
L1.1.6	Explain the importance of the irrational numbers $\sqrt{2}$ and $\sqrt{3}$ in basic right triangle trigonometry, the importance of $\pi$ because of its role in circle relationships, and the role of $e$ in applications such as continuously compounded interest.	1-7;7-3	on the assignment and ask questions. The next day the teacher will recap the content by reviewing the previous day's assignment and working through requested problems.	
<b>L1.2</b>	<b>Representations and Relationships</b>		↓	
L1.2.3	Use vectors to represent quantities that have magnitude and direction, interpret direction and magnitude of a vector numerically, and calculate the sum and difference of two vectors.	9-4	The student understands and mastery of content will be assessed through Vocabulary Quizzes, Homework Quizzes, and a Unit Test or alternative test. (Same for all units)	
<b>L2.3</b>	<b>Measurement Units, Calculations, and Scales</b>			
L2.3.1	Convert units of measurement within and between systems; explain how arithmetic operations on measurements affect units, and carry units through calculations correctly.	Minimally Addressed	↓	
<b>L3.1</b>	<b>Mathematical Reasoning</b>			
L3.1.1	Distinguish between inductive and deductive reasoning, identifying and providing examples of each.	1-1;2-3;5-4		
L3.1.2	Differentiate between statistical arguments (statements verified empirically using examples or data) and logical arguments based on the rules of logic.	2-3; Supplemented by Pre-Calc Texts	↓	
L3.1.3	Define and explain the roles of axioms (postulates), definitions, theorems, counterexamples, and proofs in the logical structure of mathematics. Identify and give examples of each.			
<b>L3.2</b>	<b>Language and Laws of Logic</b>			
L3.2.1	Know and use the terms of basic logic (e.g., proposition, negation, truth and falsity, implication, if and only if, contrapositive, and converse).	2-1;2-2;5-4	↓	
L3.2.2	Use the connectives “not,” “and,” “or,” and “if..., then,” in mathematical and everyday settings. Know the truth table of each connective and how to logically negate statements involving these connectives.	Supplemented using PC Text		
L3.2.3	Use the quantifiers “there exists” and “all” in mathematical and everyday settings and know how to logically negate statements involving	Supplemented using PC Text		

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L3.2.4	Write the converse, inverse, and contrapositive of an “If..., then...” statement. Use the fact, in mathematical and everyday settings, that the contrapositive is logically equivalent to the original while the inverse and converse are not.	2-1;5-4	↓
<b>L3.3</b>	<b>Proof</b>		
L3.3.1	Know the basic structure for the proof of an “If..., then...” statement (assuming the hypothesis and ending with the conclusion) and that proving the contrapositive is equivalent.	2-3; Supplemented using PC Text	Textbook, visual aids, supplemental handouts, and overhead transparencies ↓
L3.3.2	Construct proofs by contradiction. Use counterexamples, when appropriate, to disprove a statement.	5-4	
L3.3.3	Explain the difference between a necessary and a sufficient condition within the statement of a theorem. Determine the correct conclusions based on interpreting a theorem in which necessary or sufficient conditions in the theorem or hypothesis are satisfied.	Supplemented using PC Text	↓
<b>G1</b>	<b>Figures and Their Properties</b>		
<b>G1.1</b>	<b>Lines and Angles; Basic Euclidean and Coordinate Geometry</b>		
G1.1.1	Solve multistep problems and construct proofs involving vertical angles, linear pairs of angles, supplementary angles, complementary angles, and right angles.	2-5	
G1.1.2	Solve multistep problems and construct proofs involving corresponding angles, alternate interior angles, alternate exterior angles, and same-side (consecutive) interior angles.	3-1;3-2	
G1.1.3	Perform and justify constructions, including midpoint of a line segment and bisector of an angle, using straightedge and compass.	1-5	
G1.1.4	Given a line and a point, construct a line through the point that is parallel to the original line using straightedge and compass. Given a line and a point, construct a line through the point that is perpendicular to the original line. Justify the steps of the constructions.	3-7	↓
G1.1.5	Given a line segment in terms of its endpoints in the coordinate plane, determine its length and midpoint.	1-6	
G1.1.6	Recognize Euclidean geometry as an axiom system. Know the key axioms and understand the meaning of and distinguish between undefined terms (e.g., point, line, and plane), axioms, definitions, and theorems.	1-2	
<b>G1.2</b>	<b>Triangles and Their Properties</b>		
G1.2.1	Prove that the angle sum of a triangle is $180^\circ$ and that an exterior angle of a triangle is the sum of the two remote interior angles.	3-3	

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G1.2.2	Construct and justify arguments and solve multistep problems involving angle measure, side length, perimeter, and area of all types of triangles.	5-5;7-1	↓	
G1.2.3	Know a proof of the Pythagorean Theorem and use the Pythagorean Theorem and its converse to solve multistep problems.	7-2		
G1.2.4	Prove and use the relationships among the side lengths and the angles of 30°- 60°- 90° triangles and 45°- 45°- 90° triangles.	7-3		
G1.2.5	Solve multistep problems and construct proofs about the properties of medians, altitudes, and perpendicular bisectors to the sides of a triangle, and the angle bisectors of a triangle. Using a straightedge and compass, construct these lines.	1-5;3-7;5-1; 5-3		
<b>G1.3</b>	<b>Triangles and Trigonometry</b>			
G1.3.1	Define the sine, cosine, and tangent of acute angles in a right triangle as ratios of sides. Solve problems about angles, side lengths, or areas using trigonometric ratios in right triangles.	9-1;9-2;9-3; 9-4		
G1.3.2	Know and use the Law of Sines and the Law of Cosines and use them to solve problems. Find the area of a triangle with sides $a$ and $b$ and included angle $\theta$ using the formula $\text{Area} = (1/2) a b \sin \theta$ .	9-5 and Supplemented from PC text		
G1.3.3	Determine the exact values of sine, cosine, and tangent for 0°, 30°, 45°, 60°, and their integer multiples and apply in various contexts.	Supplemented from PC text		
<b>G1.4</b>	<b>Quadrilaterals and Their Properties</b>			
G1.4.1	Solve multistep problems and construct proofs involving angle measure, side length, diagonal length, perimeter, and area of squares, rectangles, parallelograms, kites, and trapezoids.	6-2;6-3;6-4; 6-5;7-1;7-4		
G1.4.2	Solve multistep problems and construct proofs involving quadrilaterals (e.g., prove that the diagonals of a rhombus are perpendicular) using Euclidean methods or coordinate geometry.	6-6;6-7		
G1.4.3	Describe and justify hierarchical relationships among quadrilaterals (e.g., every rectangle is a parallelogram).	6-1;6-2		
G1.4.4	Prove theorems about the interior and exterior angle sums of a quadrilateral.	Throughout Chapter 6		
<b>G1.5</b>	<b>Other Polygons and Their Properties</b>			
G1.5.1	Know and use subdivision or circumscription methods to find areas of polygons (e.g., regular octagon, nonregular pentagon).			

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G1.5.2	Know, justify, and use formulas for the perimeter and area of a regular $n$ -gon and formulas to find interior and exterior angles of a regular $n$ -gon and their sums.	3-4;7-5	↓	
<b>G1.6</b>	<b>Circles and Their Properties</b>			
G1.6.1	Solve multistep problems involving circumference and area of circles.	1-7		
G1.6.2	Solve problems and justify arguments about chords (e.g., if a line through the center of a circle is perpendicular to a chord, it bisects the chord) and lines tangent to circles (e.g., a line tangent to a circle is perpendicular to the radius drawn to the point of tangency).	11-;11-2		
G1.6.3	Solve problems and justify arguments about central angles, inscribed angles, and triangles in circles.	11-3		
G1.6.4	Know and use properties of arcs and sectors and find lengths of arcs and areas of sectors.	7-6;7-7		
<b>G1.8</b>	<b>Three-dimensional Figures</b>			
G1.8.1	Solve multistep problems involving surface area and volume of pyramids, prisms, cones, cylinders, hemispheres, and spheres.	10-3;10-4; 10-5;10-6;10-7		
G1.8.2	Identify symmetries of pyramids, prisms, cones, cylinders, hemispheres, and spheres.	Throughout Chap. 10 and Supplements		
<b>G2</b>	<b>Relationships Between Figures</b>			
<b>G2.1</b>	<b>Relationships Between Area and Volume Formulas</b>			
G2.1.1	Know and demonstrate the relationships between the area formula of a triangle, the area formula of a parallelogram, and the area formula of a trapezoid.	7-1;7-4		
G2.1.2	Know and demonstrate the relationships between the area formulas of various quadrilaterals (e.g., explain how to find the area of a trapezoid based on the areas of parallelograms and triangles).	7-1;7-4	Same as listed in the beginning. ↓	
G2.1.3	Know and use the relationship between the volumes of pyramids and prisms (of equal base and height) and cones and cylinders (of equal base and height).	10-5;10-6		
<b>G2.2</b>	<b>Relationships Between Two-dimensional and Three-dimensional Representations</b>			
G2.2.1	Identify or sketch a possible three-dimensional figure, given two-dimensional views (e.g., nets, multiple views). Create a two-dimensional representation of a three-dimensional figure.	10-1;10-2		
G2.2.2	Identify or sketch cross sections of three-dimensional figures. Identify or sketch solids formed by revolving two-dimensional figures around lines.	10-1;10-2	↓	

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<b>G2.3</b>	<b>Congruence and Similarity</b>		
G2.3.1	Prove that triangles are congruent using the SSS, SAS, ASA, and AAS criteria and that right triangles are congruent using the hypotenuse-leg criterion.	4-2;4-3;4-6	
G2.3.2	Use theorems about congruent triangles to prove additional theorems and solve problems, with and without use of coordinates.	4-4;4-5;4-7	
G2.3.3	Prove that triangles are similar by using SSS, SAS, and AA conditions for similarity.	8-3;8-4	
G2.3.4	Use theorems about similar triangles to solve problems with and without use of coordinates.	8-5	
G2.3.5	Know and apply the theorem stating that the effect of a scale factor of $k$ relating one two-dimensional figure to another or one three-dimensional figure to another, on the length, area, and volume of the figures is to multiply each by $k$ , $k^2$ , and $k^3$ , respectively.	8-6;10-8	
<b>G3.1</b>	<b>Distance-preserving Transformations: Isometries</b>		
G3.1.1	Define reflection, rotation, translation, and glide reflection and find the image of a figure under a given isometry.	12-1;12-2;12-3 12-4	
G3.1.2	Given two figures that are images of each other under an isometry, find the isometry and describe it completely.	12-1;12-2;12-3	
G3.1.3	Find the image of a figure under the composition of two or more isometries and determine whether the resulting figure is a reflection, rotation, translation, or glide reflection image of the original figure.	12-4	
<b>G3.2</b>	<b>Shape-preserving Transformations: Dilations and Isometries</b>		
G3.2.1	Know the definition of dilation and find the image of a figure under a given dilation.	12-7	
G3.2.2	Given two figures that are images of each other under some dilation, identify the center and magnitude of the dilation.	12-7	
G1.4.5*	<i>Understand the definition of a cyclic quadrilateral and know and use the basic properties of cyclic quadrilaterals. (Recommended)</i>		
G3.2.3*	<i>Find the image of a figure under the composition of a dilation and an isometry. (Recommended)</i>	Chapter 12 and Supplements	

**Approximate Schedule of Curriculum**

**Main Geometry Text: Prentice Hall Mathematics: Geometry, Copyright 2004**

**Supplemental Text: UCSMP Scott Foresman Pre-Calculus and Discrete Mathematics, Copyright 1992**

Throughout school year there will be weekly vocabulary tests on the terms relevant to the current material at that time.

**First Marking Period**

**Unit #1 Tools Of Geometry**  
Lessons 1-2,1+3,1-4,1-5,3-7,1-6,1-7  
2 Homework Quizzes  
Unit Test

**Unit #2 Parallel and Perpendicular Lines**  
Lessons 2-5;3-1;3-2;3-3;3-4  
2 Homework Quizzes  
Unit Test

**Second Marking Period**

**Unit #3 Reasoning and Proof**  
Lessons 1-1,2-1,5-4,2-2,2-4,2-3, Supplements from PC Text  
2 Homework Quizzes  
Unit Test

**Unit #4 Congruent Triangles**  
Lessons 4-1;4-2;4-3;4-4;4-5;4-6;4-7  
2 Homework Quizzes  
Unit Test

**Third Marking Period**

**Unit #5 Relationships within Triangles**  
Lessons 5-1;5-2;5-3;5-5  
1 Homework Quiz  
Unit Test

**Unit #6 Quadrilaterals**  
Lessons 6-1;6-2;6-3;6-4;6-5;6-6;6-7  
2 Homework Quizzes  
Unit Test

**Semester I Project**  
**Semester Exam Review**  
**Semester I Exam**

**Fourth Marking Period**

**Unit #7 Area**  
Lessons 7-1;7-2;7-3;7-4;7-5;7-6

**2 Homework Quizzes**

**Unit Test**

**Unit #8 Surface Area and Volume**

**Lessons 10-1;10-2;10-3;10-4;10-5;10-6;10-7**

**2 Homework Quizzes**

**Unit Project Assessment**

**Fifth Marking Period**

**Unit #9 Similarity**

**Lessons 8-2;8-3;8-4;8-5;8-6;10-8**

**2 Homework Quizzes**

**Unit Test**

**Unit #10 Right Triangle Trigonometry**

**Lessons 9-1;9-2;9-3;9-4; Supplements from PC Text**

**1 Homework Quiz**

**Unit Test**

**Unit #11 Transformations ( finishes up in 6<sup>th</sup> Marking period)**

**Lessons 12-5;12-1;12-2;12-7;12-3;12-4**

**1 Homework Quiz**

**1 Section Quiz**

**Tessellation Unit Assessment Project**

**Sixth Marking Period**

**Unit #12 Circles**

**Lessons 11-1;11-2;11-3**

**1 Homework Quiz**

**1 Unit Test**

**Semester II Projects**

**GPS Application Activity**

**-Presentation #1: How GPS Originated, and History behind it.**

**-Presentation #2: Applications/Careers/Activities using GPS (Use of Computers& Internet)**

**-Outdoor GPS Search Activity utilizing actual GPS units**

**Semester II Exam Review**

**Semester II Exam**